Financial in Later Life SECURITY

Ideas for Creative Resource Development

A Cooperative Extension Initiative

Two avenues for creative resource development

- Grants
- Collaborations/Partnerships

Grants—are they for you?

- Ask yourself:
 - What are the real needs for implementing the program?
 - If I get a grant, will it meet long-term goals of the program?
 - Is the program national or multi-state in scope or is the focus more local?
 - If your program is more locally focused, collaborations/partnerships may better suit your needs

Using grants to support a program

- Sources of grant funding
 - Federal Agencies
 - Foundations
 - State Agencies
 - Local Sources
 - Directory of (State) Foundations

Finding resources available through federal agencies

- www.firstgov.gov/Agencies/Federal/All Agencies/index.shtml
 - Get a list of all federal agencies
 - To determine which agencies may have resources for you, ask yourself:
 - What is the population you serve?
 - What is your contribution?
 - What is the goal of your program?
- Look at your program from all angles to determine if your goals match those of the agency

Finding resources available through foundations

- Types of foundations
 - Private
 - Corporate
 - Public Charities
 - Community

- The Foundation Center
 - Offers grant seekers resources to help them succeed in their search for support

**On the Financial Security web site there is a list of Possible Funding Sources for personal finance research and education.

Click here to view the list.

Finding resources available through other sources

- Local sources within your community
 - Most states have a directory of foundations that focus on localities within each state
 - Do an Internet search using a search engine such as <u>Google</u> or <u>Yahoo</u>
 - Sample Search: "Directory of Maryland Foundations," "Georgia Foundations," "Arizona grants," try any search terms you think might work
 - BE CREATIVE!!!

Other sources continued....

- Commercially available databases of resources
 - Some universities purchase them for use by information specialists
 - Examples: Community of Science (COS), Sponsored Programs Information Network (SPIN), IRIS
 - Contact your university's information specialist for more details

Other sources continued....

- State Agencies
 - There may be resources available through your state. Check the state's official website
- Foundation Directory Online
 - Database that searches through grants that have been made in the past to link you with foundations that have funded projects similar to yours

Forming Partnerships



 Follow these steps to determine if partnerships best meet the needs of your program

Step #1

- Define exactly what you want to accomplish with your project/program
- Ask a question:
 - Are you going to duplicate or complement the work of another organization in you community?
- If so:
 - There is a definite possibility for partnership!

Step #2

- Determine how much money you need
- Figure out exactly what the money will be used for
 - Program publicity, staffing, money to buy materials, etc.
- Is this dollar amount large enough to need a grant or can a partnership with one or more other organizations within the community meet your needs?

Step #3

- Identify the possible partners
 - Think of entities within the community that serve the same populations you serve, focus on the same subject matter, use the same information delivery methods, etc.
 - Some possibilities: local brokers, banks, credit unions, senior centers, financial planners, etc.

Successful partnerships:

- Include diverse sectors
- Define the roles of all parties
- Define the benefits for all parties
- Define the contributions of each party
- Document plans, expectations, and results

REMEMBER:

 Think through goals and objectives and focus on getting resources from the source that best fits your particular project

For more detailed information:

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